

PSC No: 16 - Gas
Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation
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GENERAL INFORMATION

PART II RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Direct Customer (“DC”): A transportation customer who acts on its own behalf to purchase and arrange to bring natural gas to the Company’s citygate for its own consumption and not for resale. A Direct Customer may aggregate and schedule load for itself and other Direct Customers, but each Direct Customer continues to be responsible individually for meeting balancing and other requirements place on Direct Customers.

Distribution Point(s) of Delivery: Point(s) on the Distribution System where the Company delivers gas.

Distribution Point(s) of Receipt/Receipt Point(s): Point(s) at which the Company receives gas on the Transmission and/or Distribution System from other sources.

Distribution System: The facilities owned, controlled or operated by the Company that are used to provide gas Distribution Service under this Tariff.

Dual-Fuel: The capability of a commercial or industrial Customer to use a fuel other than natural gas (i.e. coal, fuel oil, propane, etc.) for meeting all or some of its energy requirements.

Emergency Service Call: A request for service to be rendered by the Company involving a condition of gas service or equipment that affects or may affect the safety, health or welfare of an individual, or that may threaten to damage property.

FERC: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or any successor agency thereto.

Firm Service: The highest quality sales or transmission service offered to Customers under a rate schedule that anticipates no service interruptions.

Force Majeure: A superior force, “act of God” or unexpected and disruptive event, which may serve to relieve a party from a contract or obligation.

Good Utility Practice: Any of the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the electric utility industry during the relevant time period, or any of the practices, methods and acts which, in the exercise or reasonable judgment in light of the facts known at the time the decision was made, could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at a reasonable cost consistent with good business practices, reliability, safety and expedition. Good Utility Practice is not intended to be limited to the optimum practice, method, or act to the exclusion of all others, but rather to be acceptable practices, methods, or acts generally accepted in the region.

Heating Value: The number of British thermal units produced by the combustion at constant pressure, of the amount of anhydrous gas which would occupy a volume of one cubic foot at a temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit and under an absolute pressure of 14.73 pounds per square inch with air of the same temperature and pressure as the gas, when the products of combustion are cooled to the initial temperature of gas and air, and when the water formed by combustion is condensed to the liquid state.

High Pressure Main: A main shall be considered high pressure when a governor is required to be installed between a service connection to the main and the customer’s meter

Human Needs Customers: See “Critical Care Customer(s).”

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