

PSC NO: 220 ELECTRICITY  
NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION  
INITIAL EFFECTIVE DATE: APRIL 27, 2009

LEAF: 24  
REVISION: 0  
SUPERSEDING REVISION:

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### II. RULES AND REGULATIONS:

#### 1. DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS:

- 1.1 The term "Company" or "Utility" means Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation.
- 1.2 The term "Residential Applicant" means an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, municipality, or governmental body requesting service from the Company for his/her or its own use and not for resale or delivery to others. See Rule 1.4 for additional information regarding residential applicants.
  - 1.2.1 The term "Non-Residential Applicant" means a person, corporation, or other entity who has requested service as a non-residential customer. See Rule 1.5 for additional information regarding non-residential applicants.
- 1.3 The term "Customer" means an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, municipality, or governmental body lawfully receiving service from the Company. See Rule 1.4 for additional information regarding residential customers.
  - 1.3.1 The term "Non-Residential Customer" means a person, corporation or other entity, receiving service from the Company, who is not a residential customer as defined in 16NYCRR, Part 11. See Rule 1.5 for additional information regarding non-residential customers.
  - 1.3.2 The term "Premise" is a unified, undivided parcel of real property under the customer or applicant's control through ownership or lease which is not separated by public road, right of way, or property belonging to another entity. A premise may or may not contain buildings or structures within the real property.
- 1.4 Residential Applicants and Customers

A residential customer is any person, who, pursuant to an application for service made by such person or a third party on his/her behalf, is supplied directly by the Company with electric service at a premise used in whole or in part as his/her residence where:

  - 1.4.1 The Company's effective tariff specifies a residential rate for such service, provided however that no person who requests or is supplied service to an entire multiple dwelling or for the common areas of a multiple dwelling, as defined in the Multiple Dwelling Law or the Multiple Residence Law, shall be considered a residential applicant or customer solely because the Company's tariff specifies a residential rate;