

Charter Fiberlink NY-CCO, LLC
Within the State of New York

New York PSC No. 3 - Telephone
Leaf 8
Revision: Original

Section 1 - Definitions and Terms (cont'd)

Connecting Company – A corporation, association, partnership or individual owning or operating one or more exchanges and with which communications services are interchanged.

Connector – See “Switch” Connection Charge – See “Service Charge”.

Construction Charge – A separate nonrecurring charge made for the construction of facilities in excess of those contemplated under the rates quoted in this Tariff.

Continuous Property – The plot of ground, together with any building thereon, occupied by the customer, which is not divided by public highways or separated by property occupied by others.

Contract – The agreement between a customer and the Telephone Company under which service and facilities are furnished in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Local and Intrastate Interexchange Exchange Tariffs.

Cost – The cost of labor and materials, which includes appropriate amounts to cover the Telephone Company's general operating and administrative expenses.

Customer – The individual, partnership, association or corporation which contracts for telephone service and are responsible for the payment of charges and compliance with the general regulations of the Telephone Company's Tariff.

CPE – Customer Provided Equipment – Devices, apparatus, and/or associated wiring provided by a customer.

Customer Provision – Customer purchase or lease of customer-provided equipment from the Telephone Company or from any other supplier.

Data Access Arrangement – A protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit, or in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective facilities and procedures to assure proper operation and protection of the telecommunications network.

Demarcation Point – That point (also referred to as Network Interface) or interconnection between the Telephone Company's facilities and the wiring at the subscriber's premise. The Demarcation Point shall consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F or Part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. The Demarcation Point will generally be within twelve inches of the protector or, absent a protector, within twelve inches of the entry point to the customer's premises. If conforming to the twelve inches is unrealistic or technically impossible, the Demarcation Point will be the most practicable minimum point of entry to the customer's premises. The network interface may be located at a point other than the normal demarcation point where the network interface has been previously established by the presence of network equipment. With regard to premises for any structure that is built to be more mobile (e.g., mobile homes, recreational vehicles), The Telephone Company may place the Demarcation Point on a post or pole at or near the pad where such structure is intended to rest. Boat docks, marinas and similar premises may be treated by the Telephone Company as a single unit premises, with the Demarcation Point being placed on the shore or other location as deemed appropriate by the Telephone Company.

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