

PSC NO: 220 ELECTRICITY
NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION
INITIAL EFFECTIVE DATE: APRIL 27, 2009

LEAF: 191
REVISION: 0
SUPERSEDING REVISION:

GENERAL INFORMATION

34. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS: (Continued)

34.5 Program 4 - Power For Jobs Rider (Continued)

ENERGY:

34.5.5.1.3 Determine PFJR Energy in each interval

The customer's metered receipts of electric energy in kWh shall be apportioned between PFJR power ("PFJR Energy") and Company power ("Company supplied Energy") as follows.

In each 15 minute billing interval (30 minute interval for S.C. No. 4) in the Billing Period, the customer's receipts of PFJR Energy shall be the lesser of:

The energy associated with the contract allocation of PFJR power at a 100 percent load factor for delivery to the Premises, or

The customer's total receipt of energy from all sources during the interval as measured by the Company's meters at the Premises.

34.5.5.1.4 Determine the Company supplied Energy in each interval

The Energy supplied by the Company in each interval shall be determined as the total energy received by the customer in the interval minus the PFJR Energy as determined in Rule No. 34.5.5.1.3 above.

Calculation of Base Rate Bill:

34.5.5.1.5 For the Billing Period, multiply the PFJR billing demand and aggregated PFJR energy units by their respective administered rates as specified in Rule No. 34.5.6 below. Multiply the Company supplied maximum demand, maximum on-peak demand (where applicable) and aggregated Company supplied energy units by their respective administered rates as specified within the parent service classification.

34.5.5.1.6 Calculate the customer and RkVA charges for the billing period. The Customer Charge assessed is the Customer Charge of the parent service classification plus the incremental service charge (described in Rule No. 34.1.3.3) as specified in Rule No. 34.5.6. RkVA shall be calculated and billed according to the parent service classification.

Issued by Thomas B. King, President, Syracuse, NY