

SERVICE DESCRIPTIONS, Continued

3.2 VOICE OVER INTERNET PROTOCOL – PUBLIC SWITCHED TELEPHONE NETWORK (“VoIP – PSTN”) TRAFFIC, Continued

B. Calculations and Application of Percent-VoIP-PSTN Usage, Continued

3. Company will use the PVU-A and PVU-B factors to calculate a PVU factor that represents the percentage of total terminating intrastate and interstate access MOU exchanged between a Company End User and the Customer that is originated or terminated in IP format, whether at Company's end, at the Customer's end, or at both ends. The PVU factor will be calculated as the sum of: (A) the PVU-A factor and (B) the PVU-B factor times (1.0 minus the PVU-A factor).

4. Company will apply the PVU factor to the total terminating intrastate access MOU exchanged with the Customer to determine the number of Relevant VoIP-PSTN Traffic MOUs.

Example 1: The PVU-B is 10% and the PVU-A is 40%. The PVU factor is equal to $40\% + (10\% \times 60\%) = 46\%$. Company will bill 46% of the Customer's terminating intrastate access MOU at its applicable tariffed interstate rates.

Example 2: The PVU-B is 10% and the PVU-A is 0%. The PVU factor is $0\% + (100\% \times 10\%) = 10\%$. Company will bill 10% of the Customer's terminating intrastate access MOU at Company's applicable tariffed interstate switched access rates.

Example 3: The PVU-A is 100%. No matter what the PVU-B factor is, the PVU is 100%. Company will bill 100% of the Customer's terminating intrastate access MOU at Company's applicable tariffed interstate switched access rates.

5. If the Customer does not furnish Company with a PVU factor, the Company will utilize a PVU-A factor of zero.

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